

This exam has two parts. Part I consists of blank-filling problems. For each problem in Part I, you must fill in the correct answer for each blank. NO partial credit will be given for a wrong answer.

Part II consists of computational problems. Partial credit may be given.

Part I: Fill in the Following Blanks. (70 points) (±真亮題)

1. Suppose we know $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$, then what is the value of the integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{x^2+6x+9}{4}\right)} dx$? Answer: _____
2. Find the directional derivative of the function $f(x, y) = e^{x^2y^3}$ at the point $(1, 1)$ in the direction of the unit vector $\mathbf{v} = \left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$. Answer: _____
3. If $z = f(x, y)$, where $x = g(t)$, $y = h(t)$, $g(3) = 2$, $g'(3) = 5$, $h(3) = 7$, $h'(3) = -4$, $f_x(2, 7) = 6$, $f_y(2, 7) = -8$, find $\frac{dz}{dt}$ when $t = 3$. Answer: _____
4. Suppose $(1, 1)$ is a critical point of a smooth function $z = f(x, y)$. Describe the behavior (i.e., local minimum, saddle point,.....etc.) of f at the point $(1, 1)$ if $f_{xx}(1, 1) = -4$, $f_{xy}(1, 1) = -1$, $f_{yy}(1, 1) = -2$. Answer: _____
5. Let $z = x^2 + \sin xy$ be a function of two variables defined on the domain $[-1, 1] \times [-1, 1]$. Then the surface area of the graph of $z = x^2 + \sin xy$ over its domain is given by the integral formula $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 \sqrt{g(x, y)} \cdot dx dy$. What is the function $g(x, y)$? Answer: _____
6. Find the points on the ellipsoid $x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 1$ where the tangent plane is parallel to the plane $3x - y + 3z = 1$. Answer: _____
7. Evaluate the triple integral $\int \int \int_B e^{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{3/2}} \cdot dV$, where B is the unit ball $B = \{(x, y, z) : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1\}$. Answer: _____
8. Compute the derivative of the function $f(x) = x^{\sqrt{x}}$, $x \in (0, \infty)$ Answer: _____
9. Evaluate the value of the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\cos 5x - \cos 8x}{x^2} \right)$. Answer: _____
10. Evaluate the indefinite integral $\int (\ln x)^2 dx$ Answer: _____

11. Compute $\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\sin x}^{x^2} \sqrt{y^4 + 1} \cdot dy$. Answer: _____

12. What is the value of the positive value c if $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (1+c)^{-n} = 2$. Answer: _____

13. Find all positive values of b for which the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b^{\log n}$ converges. Answer: _____

14. Find all values of c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for the function $f(x) = e^{-2x}$ with domain $[0, 3]$. Answer: _____

Part II: Computational Problems. (30 points) (計算題)

1. (15 points) Green Theorem in the plane says that we can use line integral to evaluate the area of a plane region. Use line integral to evaluate the area enclosed by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, where a, b are positive constants.

2. (15 points) Use Lagrange Multipliers method to find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x, y) = x^2y$ subject to the given constraint $x^2 + 2y^2 = 6$.

Part I: Fill in the following blanks. (20 points) (填空題)

Part II consists of computational problems. Partial credit may be given.

No partial credit will be given for a wrong answer.

Each problem in Part I, you must fill in the correct answer for each blank.

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